

# Agenda: Nuts & Bolts of WC

- Employer Date of Knowledge (EDOK)
- Time Loss
- Compensability Determination
- Medical Benefits
- Claim Closure
- Post-Closure Benefits
- Litigation and Settlement





## **Employer Date of Knowledge (EDOK)**

All initial claim processing deadlines are based on the EDOK.

- EDOK: date employer first has notice/ knowledge that the worker is filing a WC claim
  - Note: The notice of claim may be different from the notice of incident.
  - Notice of claim occurs when the employer first becomes aware that a worker has lost time from work or is seeking medical treatment for a workrelated event.

CIS



### **Time Loss**

- First time loss payment is due within 14 days from the EDOK
  - TTD: Temporary Total Disability
  - TPD: Temporary Partial Disability
- TTD/TPD is paid one week in arrears, and every 14 days thereafter
- TTD/TPD is calculated based on 66<sup>2/3</sup> of a worker's Average Weekly Wage
  - Note: Average Weekly Wage is dependent on accurate wage information from members

# Three Day Wait

- No time loss is due for the first 3 calendar days after the worker first misses time from work
- Exception: If completely disabled from work for 14 consecutive days with no release to work, then the 3-day wait period is due



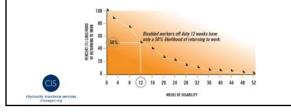
Member may elect to pay Salary Continuation in lieu of time loss payments being issued.

| Step 1.<br>Member | CIS will calculate | CIS mails a    |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| continues the     | the TTD benefits   | check for the  |
| worker's salary   | which would        | amount of the  |
| at the same pay   | have been due      | TTD due to the |
| rate with no      | and report this to | member as      |
| disruption in     | the Workers'       | salary         |
| deductions or     | Compensation       | continuation   |
| benefits          | Division           |                |

# Return to Work (RTW)

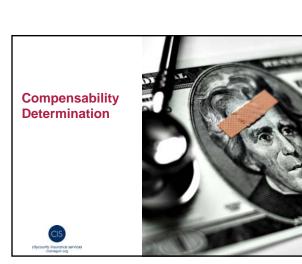
Moira Przybylowski, CIS RTW Specialist

- Works directly with our members to assist with returning workers to work
- Helps reduce claim costs



# Employer at Injury Program (EAIP)

- CIS assists with obtaining reimbursement through the EAIP
  - 50% reimbursement of wages paid to worker while working light duty
  - CIS can assist with the Direct Worker Purchases (chairs, laptops, etc.) through the EAIP Program, and can provide work site modifications (new work stations, etc.)

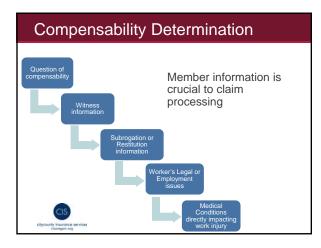


## **Compensability Determination**

### Accept/Deny

- CIS has 14 days to issue a denial of benefits
- If a 14 day denial is not issued, worker receives interim benefits until the Accept/Deny decision is made
  - Time loss benefits paid within this time period are not recoverable from the worker if the claim is later denied
- Accept/Deny Decision is due within 60 days from the EDOK





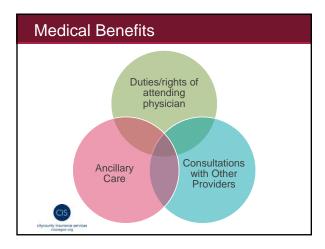


# Tools used by CIS

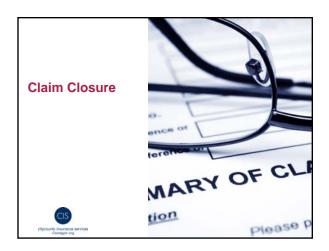
- Independent Medical Examination (IME)
- Recorded Statements
- Surveillance/Investigators











## **Claim Closure**

Notice of Closure is issued once a worker is Medically Stationary:

 "Medically Stationary" is the date the attending physician determines that passage of time or treatment will not improve a condition





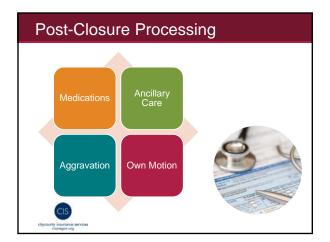
- Worker may be eligible for:
  - Permanent Partial Disability award
  - Work Disability award

Note: The work disability award is very expensive and based on whether or not a worker can return to the job at injury without restrictions.

Therefore, an accurate job description and TTD rate is crucial.

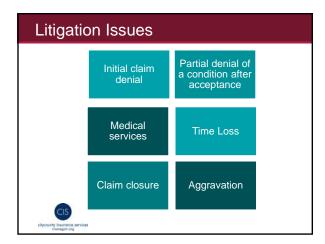






















# **Contact Information**

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