

Agenda: Nuts & Bolts of WC

- Employer Date of Knowledge (EDOK)
- Time Loss
- Compensability Determination
- Medical Benefits
- Claim Closure
- Post-Closure Benefits
- Litigation and Settlement





Employer Date of Knowledge (EDOK)

All initial claim processing deadlines are based on the EDOK.

- EDOK: date employer first has notice/ knowledge that the worker is filing a WC claim
 - Note: The notice of claim may be different from the notice of incident.
 - Notice of claim occurs when the employer first becomes aware that a worker has lost time from work or is seeking medical treatment for a workrelated event.

CIS



Time Loss

- First time loss payment is due within 14 days from the EDOK
 - TTD: Temporary Total Disability
 - TPD: Temporary Partial Disability
- TTD/TPD is paid one week in arrears, and every 14 days thereafter
- TTD/TPD is calculated based on 66^{2/3} of a worker's Average Weekly Wage
 - Note: Average Weekly Wage is dependent on accurate wage information from members

Three Day Wait

- No time loss is due for the first 3 calendar days after the worker first misses time from work
- Exception: If completely disabled from work for 14 consecutive days with no release to work, then the 3-day wait period is due



Member may elect to pay Salary Continuation in lieu of time loss payments being issued.

Step 1. Member	CIS will calculate	CIS mails a
continues the	the TTD benefits	check for the
worker's salary	which would	amount of the
at the same pay	have been due	TTD due to the
rate with no	and report this to	member as
disruption in	the Workers'	salary
deductions or	Compensation	continuation
benefits	Division	

Return to Work (RTW)

Moira Przybylowski, CIS RTW Specialist

- Works directly with our members to assist with returning workers to work
- Helps reduce claim costs



Employer at Injury Program (EAIP)

- CIS assists with obtaining reimbursement through the EAIP
 - 50% reimbursement of wages paid to worker while working light duty
 - CIS can assist with the Direct Worker Purchases (chairs, laptops, etc.) through the EAIP Program, and can provide work site modifications (new work stations, etc.)



Compensability Determination

Accept/Deny

- CIS has 14 days to issue a denial of benefits
- If a 14 day denial is not issued, worker receives interim benefits until the Accept/Deny decision is made
 - Time loss benefits paid within this time period are not recoverable from the worker if the claim is later denied
- Accept/Deny Decision is due within 60 days from the EDOK







Tools used by CIS

- Independent Medical Examination (IME)
- Recorded Statements
- Surveillance/Investigators











Claim Closure

Notice of Closure is issued once a worker is Medically Stationary:

 "Medically Stationary" is the date the attending physician determines that passage of time or treatment will not improve a condition





- Worker may be eligible for:
 - Permanent Partial Disability award
 - Work Disability award

Note: The work disability award is very expensive and based on whether or not a worker can return to the job at injury without restrictions.

Therefore, an accurate job description and TTD rate is crucial.























Contact Information

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